Condition monitoring of composite pipes using laser shearography

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Laser Optical Engineering

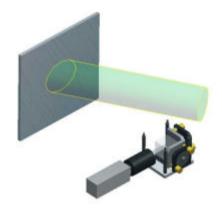
- LOE specialises in the development of innovative and bespoke laser based solutions.
- Established as an independent spin-out company from Loughborough University in 1996
- Laser Optical offer :-
 - Laser shearography & vibrometry systems
 - Custom laser metrology solutions
 - Diffractive optics for high power laser processing
 - Multispectral imaging for remote sensing vehicle occupancy, contamination, gas leaks
 - Laser-induced fluorescence systems for trace residue and narcotics detection

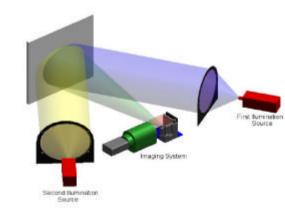




In-plane laser shearography

- Non-contact
- Measures structural strain
- Wholefield f150mm ? 1m x 1m
- >1,000,000 points of measurement
- με sensitivities
- Real-time visualisation
- <10 seconds to acquire & process data



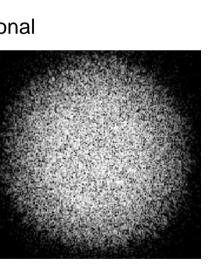






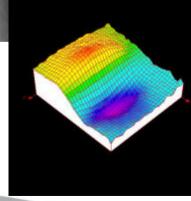
Measurement technique

- Speckle pattern
 - Optically rough
 - Coherent
 - Interference
- Reference @ unloaded/preloaded state
 - Active loading (actual operational strain field)
- Differential measurement
- Fringe formation
- Post process
 - Phase of the target surface

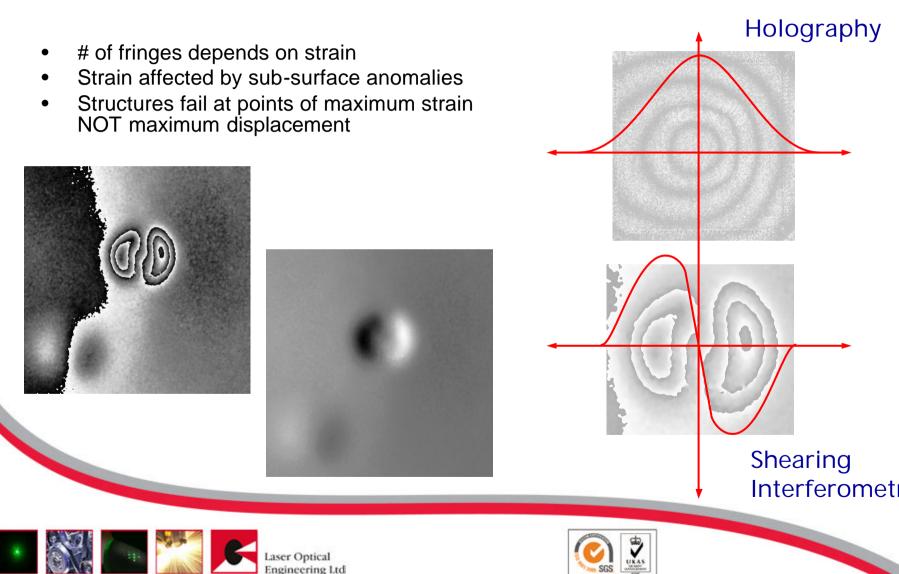






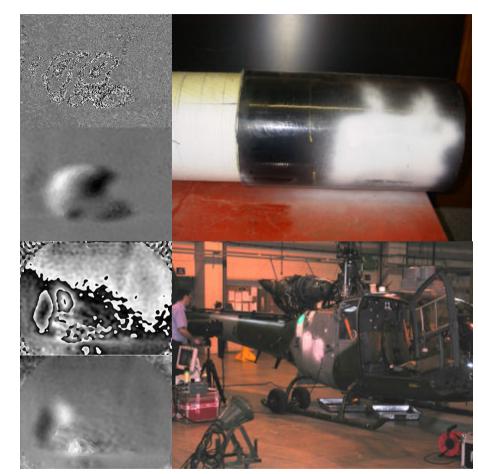


Optical differentiation $\delta L/L$



Defect detection

- Defect detection
 - Delaminations
 - Disbonds
 - Voids
 - Inclusions
 - Impact damage/BVID
 - Cracks
 - Erosion
 - Fibre breakage
 - Matrix cracking
 - Environmental

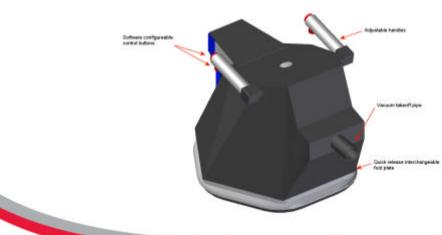






Strain measurement

- Strain measurement
 - Adhesion (bond integrity)
 - Interface stresses
 - Strain concentrations
 - Material weakness
 - Design feedback

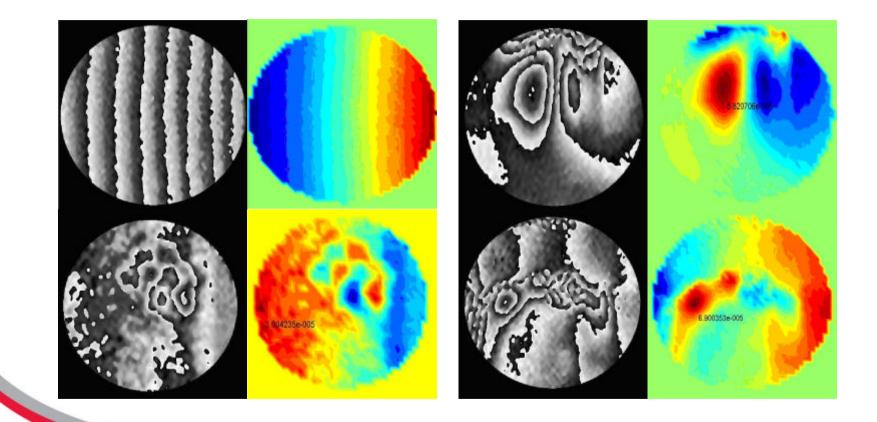








Laser shearography







Composite Pipes







Methods of NDT

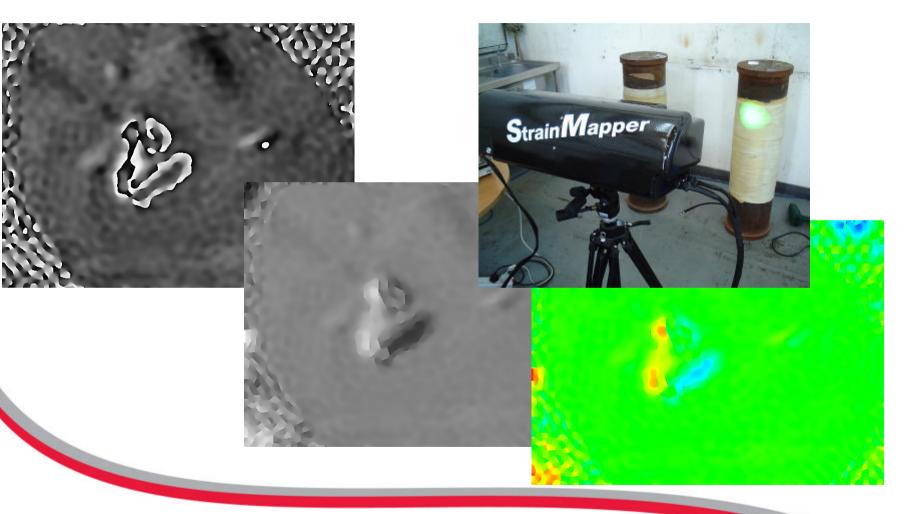
- Ultrasonics
- X-ray
- Eddy Current
- Dye Penetrant
- Mag particle
- Thermography
- Lamb waves (long range ultrasonics)

- Kissing bonds
- Most of these techniques describe changes of a signature Shearography monitors a change of state due to an impulse; eg thermally induced strain





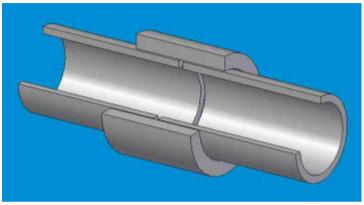
Composite wrapped pipes



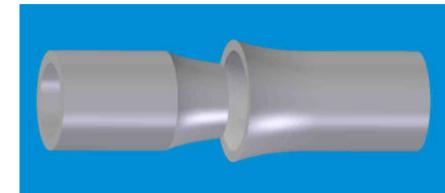




GRP Pipe Joints



Collar joint

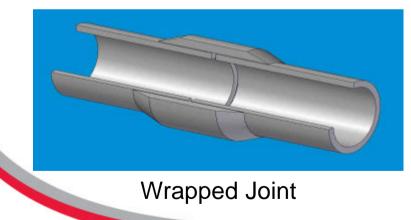


Flare – ground Cement Joint

These joints are recommended in BS

EN 14364:2006 as a rigid joint for non-

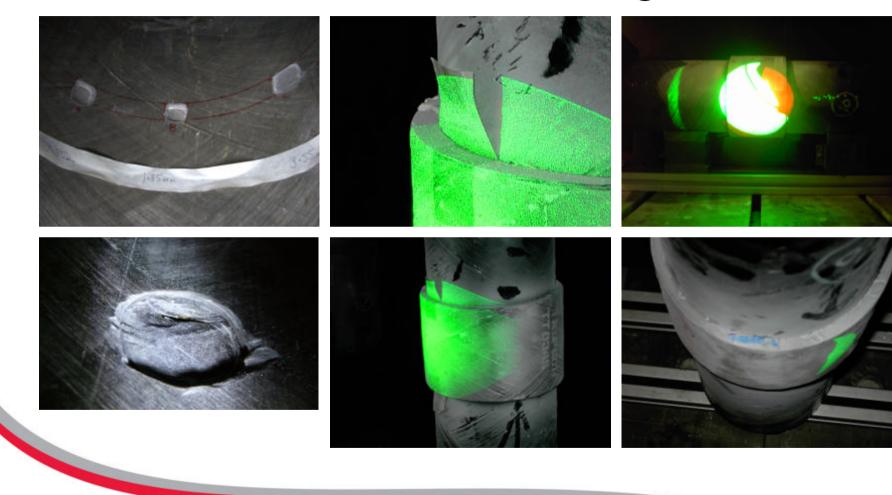
end-load-bearing without axial loading.







Manufactured Damage

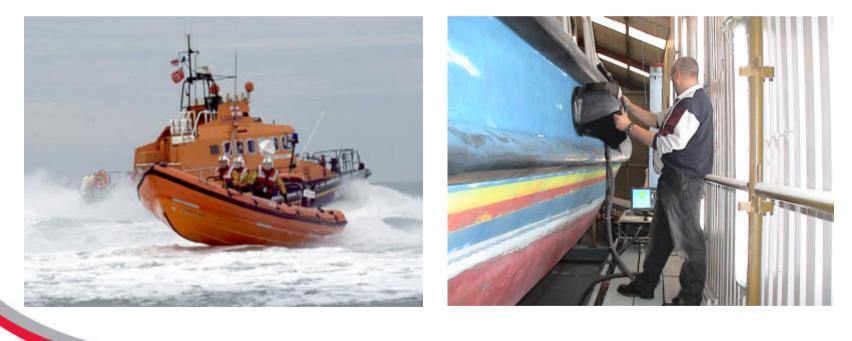






Equipment Development

- Developed an existing piece of kit used for testing boat hulls
- Allows a rigid connection to a moving or vibrating pipe
- Use pressure to load the surface







Pipe Hood

- Vacuum hood was adapted to fit pipe sections
- Consideration when examining such a curved surface
- Loading pressures of -5 to -17 kPa







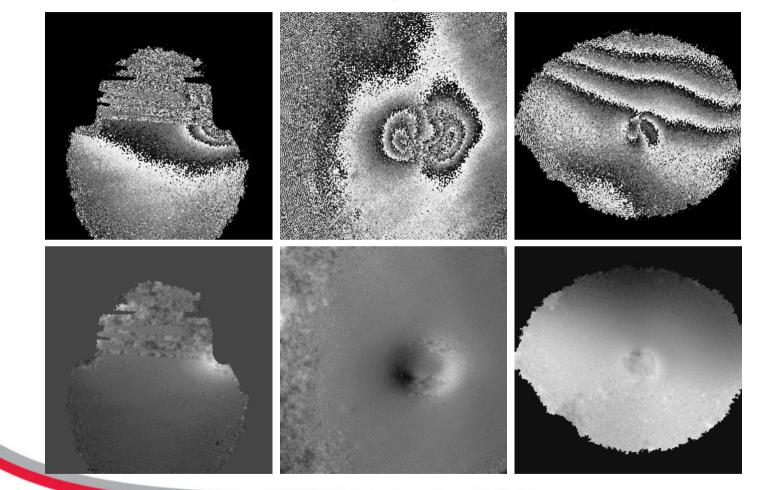
Collar Joint Pipe







Vacuum Loading of Collar Joints







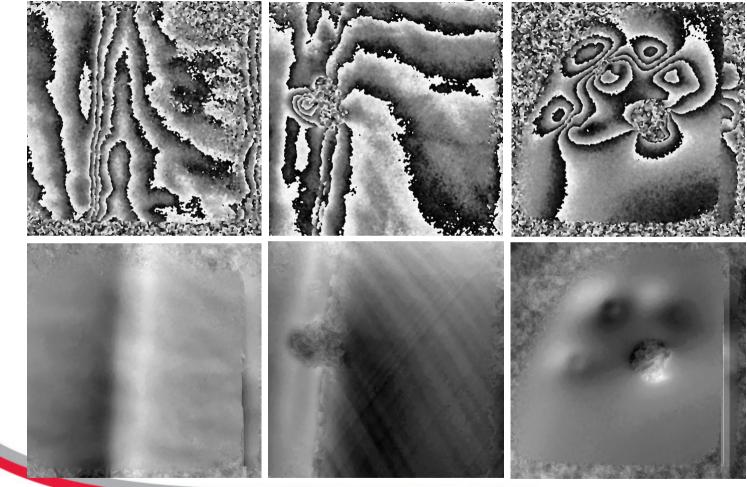
Large Scale Wrapped Joints







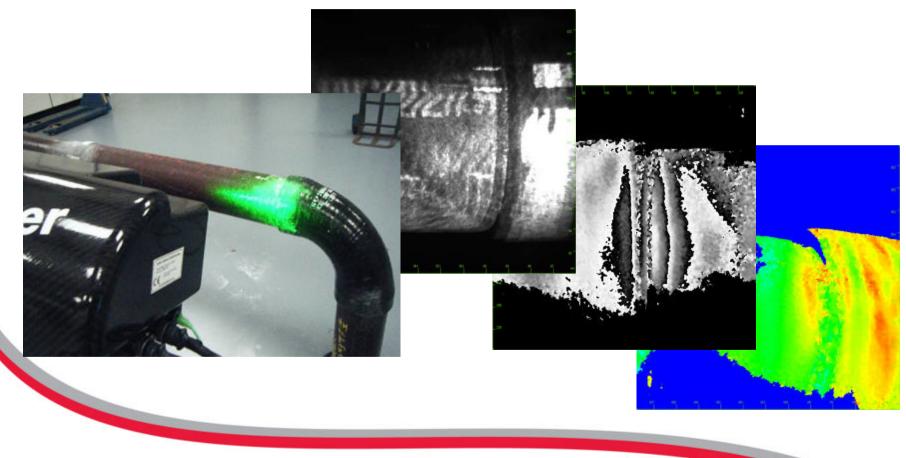
Vacuum Loading Results







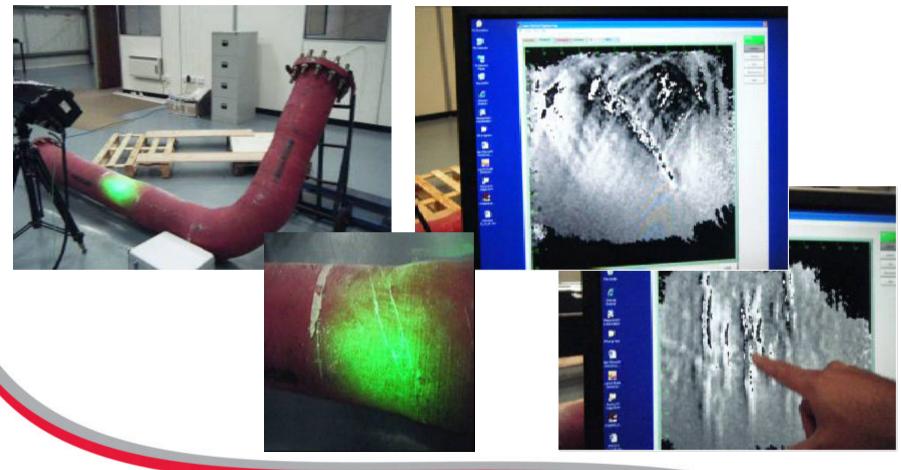
U-Tube – adhesive bond integrity







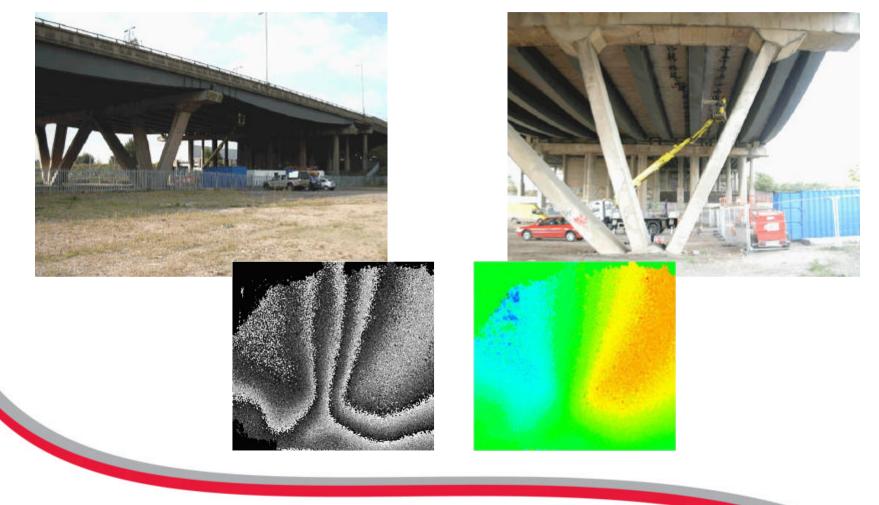
J Tube – crack imaging and associated damage







Bridges







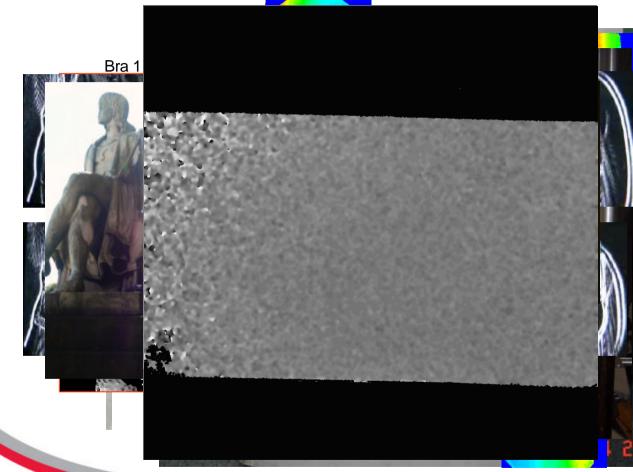
Conclusions

- Non contact
- Live visual results
- Wholefield
- Rapid turnaround
- System effective at
 - Design feedback & verification
 - Manufacture defect free
 - In-service inspection
 - Repairs verification
 - In the field transport/assembly damage
 - Annual audits defect propagation/RLP
 - in situ





Thanks for listening



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